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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:31:27 ON 02 APR 2009
=> file req
=> e amlodipine/cn
                   AMLODIN/CN
E2
                   AMLODIN OD/CN
E3
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E4
                  AMLODIPINE 1,4-CYCLOHEXANEDICARBOXYLIC ACID SALT/CN
             1 AMLODIPINE ADIPATE/CN
1 AMLODIPINE BENZENESULFONATE/CN
E5
E6
            AMLODIFINE BENEAUESULFUNALE/CN

AMLODIFINE BESYLATE/CN

AMLODIFINE BESYLATE MIXT. WITH BENAZEPRIL HYDROCHLORIDE/CN

AMLODIFINE BESYLATE MONOHYDRATE/CN

AMLODIFINE BESYLATE MONOHYDRATE/CN

AMLODIFINE BESYLATE MONOHYDRATE/CN

AMLODIFINE BESYLATE MONOHYDRATE/CN

AMLODIFINE BESYLATE MONOHYDRATE/CN
E7
E8
E9
E10
E11
                  AMLODIPINE BISULPHATE/CN
E12
=> s e3
L13
             1 AMLODIPINE/CN
=> dis 113
L13 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
RN 88150-42-9 REGISTRY
ED
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN
     3,5-Pvridinedicarboxvlic acid, 2-[(2-aminoethoxv)methvl]-4-(2-
     chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methyl-, 3-ethyl 5-methyl ester (CA INDEX
     NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    (R.S)-Amlodipine
CN
    2-[(2-Aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2-chlorophenyl)-3-(ethoxycarbonyl)-5-
     (methoxycarbonyl)-6-methyl-1,4-dihydropyridine
CN Amlodinine
CN Amlopres
CN
    Intervask
CN
   Pelmec
CN Racemic Amlodipine
DR 103069-18-7
MF
    C20 H25 C1 N2 O5
CT
     COM
LC
     STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
       CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU,
       DRUGU, EMBASE, HSDB*, IMSPATENTS, IMSPRODUCT, IMSRESEARCH, IPA, MEDLINE,
       MRCK*, PATDPASPC, PHAR, PROMT, PROUSDDR, PS, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE,
       TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: WHO
```

## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2406 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 43 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 2416 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> file caplus

=> s 113

L14 2417 L13

=> s 114 and racemic 38121 RACEMIC

L15 40 L14 AND RACEMIC

=> s 115 and solvent

774931 SOLVENT

L16 15 L15 AND SOLVENT

=> s 116 and pd< dec 2004

25049931 PD< DEC 2004

7 L16 AND PD< DEC 2004 L17

=> dis 117 1-7 bib abs hitstr

L17 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

(PD<20041200)

2004:252483 CAPLUS Full-text AN

140:287272 DN

Process for the preparation of (S)-(-)-amlodipine by resolution of ΤI (RS)-amlodipine with L-tartaric acid

IN Chung, You-Sup; Ha, Mun-Choun

PA Hanlim Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., S. Korea

PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp. SO

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.					DATE				
PI	WO 2	004	0246	39		A1		2004	0325		WO 2	003-	KR18	49		21	0030	908 <	
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	
			GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	
			PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	
			TR.	TT.	TZ.	UA.	UG.	US.	UZ.	VC.	VN.	YU.	ZA.	ZM.	ZW				

		RW:	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	SD, AT, IT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	
									GA,										
	KD	2004																911 <-	
		2525				A1												908 <-	
																		908 <-	
	EP	1537							0608										
		R:							FR,									PT,	
				SI,	LT,				MK,										
		1681							1012		CN 2	003-	8215	93		2	0030	908	
		1003							0130										
		2006						2006	0112		JP 2	004-	5352	51		2	0030	908	
	IN	2005	DN00	793		A		2009	0313		IN 2	005-	DN79	3		2	0050	301	
	US	2006	0014	961		A1		2006	0119		JS 2	005-	5270	91		2	0050	309	
	US	7202	365			В2		2007	0410										
	US	2007	0155	969		A1		2007	0705		JS 2	007-	6802	61		2	0070	228	
	US	7482	464			В2		2009	0127										
	IN	2007	DNO7	473		A		2007	1102		IN 2	007-	DN74	73		2	0070	927	
	IN	2007	DN07	474		A		2007	1102		IN 2	007-	DN74	74		2	0070	927	
PRAI	KR	2002	-548	08		A		2002	0911										
	WO	2003	-KR1:	849		W		2003	0908										
	IN	2005	-DN7	9.3		A3		2005	0301										
	IIS	2005	-527	091		A 3		2005	0309										
os		BEAC				-10			05										
GI	0110			0.20															
0.2																			

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_3\text{C} \\ \text{MeO}_2\text{C} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{H} \\ \text{CO}_2\text{Et} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{NH}_2 \\ \text{C1} \\ \end{array}$$

(S)-(-)-amlodipine I is prepared from racemic amlodipine by a resolution using AB L-(+)-tartaric acid; L-tartaric acid is much less expensive than the Dtartaric acid used in a previous method for the preparation of I, decreasing the cost of resolution and making resolution of I more amenable to industrial scale synthesis. 0.5-0.55 Equivalent of L-(+)-tartaric acid in DMSO is added to recemic I in DMSO and stirred overnight at room temperature to yield a slurry from which the precipitate is filtered; addition of methylene chloride to the filtered solution, stirring at ambient temperature for 40 h, cooling to 5° and stirring for two hours yields a precipitate of the DMSO solvate of the L-hemitartrate salt of I. The amount of DMSO present in the resolution step should be between four to six times (preferably five times) the volume of one gram of racemic amlodipine per g of amlodipine resolved, and the amount of methylene chloride added afterwards should be one to two times the amount of DMSO present. The DMSO solvate of the L-hemitartrate salt of I can be converted to the hydrate of the L-hemitartrate salt of I by refluxing in methanol to dissolve the DMSO solvate followed by overnight stirring and filtration. Treatment of a methylene chloride solution of either the DMSO solvate of the L-hemitartrate salt of I or the hydrate of the L-hemitartrate salt of I with a 2 M solution of sodium bicarbonate in water followed by

cooling to 5° and filtration yields I. I is prepared on gram scale by this method.

88150-42-9, Amlodipine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of (S)-(-)-amlodipine by resolution of racemic amlodipine with L-tartaric acid)

RN 88150-42-9 CAPLUS

3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[(2-aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2-CN chlorophenyl)-1.4-dihydro-6-methyl-, 3-ethyl 5-methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

## RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

2003:737415 CAPLUS Full-text AN

DN 139:245910

Process for the preparation of [S(-)amlodipine-L(+)-hemitartarate] TI

Joshi, Rohini Ramesh; Joshi, Ramesh Anna; Gurjab, M. K. IN

PA India

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 3 pp. SO

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

CNT	1																	
PATENT NO.							DATE	DATE A			APPLICATION NO.					DATE		
						-												
US	2003	0176	706		A1		2003	0918		US 2	002-	9850	2		21	0020	318	<
EP	1348	697			A1		2003	1001		EP 2	002-	2523	09		2	0020	328	<
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR							
US	2005	0176	781		A1		2005	0811		US 2	004-	9375	64		21	0040	910	
US	7148	358			B2		2006	1212										
US	2002	-985	02		A		2002	0318										
	PA'US EP	US 2003 EP 1348 R: US 2005 US 7148	PATENT NO.  US 20030176 EP 1348697 R: AT, IE, US 20050176 US 7148358	PATENT NO.  US 20030176706  EP 1348697  R: AT, BE,  IE, SI,  US 20050176781	PATENT NO.  US 20030176706  EP 1348697  R: AT, BE, CH,  IE, SI, LT,  US 20050176781  US 7148358	PATENT NO. KIN  US 20030176706 A1  EP 1348697 R. AT, BE, CH, DE,  IE, SI, LT, LV,  US 20050176781 A1  US 7148358 B2	PATENT NO. KIND  US 20030176706 A1 EP 1348697 A1 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, US 20050176781 A1 US 7148338 B2	PATENT NO. KIND DATE  US 20030176706 A1 2003 EP 1348697 A1 2003 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE  US 20030176706 A1 20030918 EP 1348697 A1 20031001 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE  US 20030176706 A1 20030918 EP 1348697 A1 20031001 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPL  US 20030176706 A1 20030918 US 2 EP 1348697 A1 20031001 EP 2 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, CH, LE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL,  US 20050176781 A1 20050811 US 2 US 71483588 B2 20061212	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICAT  US 20030176706 A1 20030918 US 2002- EP 1348697 A1 20031001 EP 2002- R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR  US 20050176781 A1 20050811 US 2004- US 7148358 B2 20061212	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION N US 20030176706 A1 20030918 US 2002-9850. EP 1348697 A1 20031001 EP 2002-2523 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FF, GB, GR, TT, LI, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR US 20050176781 A1 20050811 US 2004-9375 US 7148358 B2 20061212	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.  US 20030176706 A1 20030918 US 2002-98502 EP 1348697 A1 20031001 EP 2002-222309 R: AT, BB, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR US 20050176781 A1 20050811 US 2004-937564 US 7148338 B2 20061212	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.  US 20030176706 A1 20030918 US 2002-98502 EP 1348697 A1 20031001 EP 2002-252309 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DJ US 20030176706 A1 20030918 US 2002-98502 20 EP 1348697 A1 20031001 EP 2002-252309 20 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR US 20050176781 A1 20050811 US 2004-937564 20 US 71483588 B2 20061212	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  US 20030176706 A1 20030918 US 2002-98502 20020 EP 1348697 A1 20031001 EP 2002-252309 20020 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  US 20030176706 A1 20030918 US 2002-98502 20020318 EP 1348697 A1 20031001 EP 2002-252309 20020328 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

A process for the preparation of [S(-)amlodipine-L(+)-hemitartarate] which AB comprises reacting racemic amlodipine base with L(+)tartaric acid in an organic solvent (e.g., DMSO) at 20-35° for 16-24 h, separating the solid [R(-)amlodipine-L(+)-hemitartarate] by filtration, seeding the filtrate to obtain solid [S(-)amlodipine-L(+)-hemitartarate] by precipitation, filtering the solid and basifying to obtain [S(-)amlodipine-L(+)-hemitartarate].

88150-42-9, Amlodipine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (in a process for the preparation of [S(-)amlodipine-L(+)-hemitartarate])

RN 88150-42-9 CAPLUS

3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[(2-aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2-CN chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methyl-, 3-ethyl 5-methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2003:532345 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 139:90595

TI Method of resolving amlodipine racemate

IN Senanayake, Chris H.; Tanoury, Gerald J.; Wilkinson, Harold S.; Bakale, Roger P.; Zlota, Andrei A.

PA Sepracor, Inc., USA

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 6 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl. No. PCT/US02/33894. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent LA English

FAN	CNT	2	

	PATENT NO.					KIN	IND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
PI	US	2003	0130			A1 B2		2003 2004			US 2	002-	3256	B6		2		220 <-	
						A1				WO 2002-US33894						20021023 <			
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DΖ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JΡ,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	
			PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	
			UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW								
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	
			KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	SK,	TR,	BF,	BJ,	CF,	
			CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG				
	US	2005	0009	887		A1		2005	0113		US 2	004-	9113	61		21	0040	304	
PRAI	US	2001	-346	250P		P		2001	1024										
	WO	2002	-US3	3894		A2		2002	1023										
	US	2002	-325	686		A1		2002	1220										

AB The invention relates to methods of resolving recemic amlodipine into enantiomerically enriched compns. by precipitation with tartaric acid in the presence of a non-aqueous solvent, such as N,N'-dimethylacetamide. The molar ratio of tartaric acid to amlodipine is preferably <0.25:1.0 or >0.75:1.0. S-(-)-amlodipine D-hemitartrate dimethylacetamide monosolvate was prepared in 41% yield by the reaction of amlodipine besylate in N,N-dimethylacetamide with D-tartaric acid. This compound was treated with 1N NaOH solution in Me tert .-Bu ether to give S-(-)-amlodipine free base (with >99% enantiomeric purity).

88150-42-9, Pacemic amlodipine RL: ANT (Analyte); RCT (Reactant); ANST (Analytical study); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(method of resolution of racemic amlodipine)

88150-42-9 CAPLUS RN

3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[(2-aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2chlorophenvl)-1,4-dihvdro-6-methvl-, 3-ethvl 5-methvl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

## RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L17 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:335084 CAPLUS Full-text
- DN 138:358410
- ΤI Resolving amlodipine racemate
- Senanayake, Chris H.; Tanoury, Gerald J.; Wilkinson, Harold S.; Bakale, Roger P.; Zlota, Andrei A.
- PA Sepracor, Inc., USA SO
  - PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent LA English
- FAN.CNT 2

FAN.	PATENT NO.						KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
PI	WO	2003	0356	23		A1 20030501				WO 2002-US33894						21	0021	023 <	_
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
			co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	
			PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	
			UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	zw								
		RW:										TZ,							
												CH,							
												PT,					ВJ,	CF,	
			CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG				
	CA	A 2466806				A1		2003	0501		CA 2	2002-	2466	806		21	0021	J23 <	-
		2002363003																	
	EP	1448527 R: AT, BE, C																	
		K:										TR,					MC,	PI,	
	DD	2002															0021	023 <	_
	DIL	2002	0133	97		7.2		2004	0120		DE 2	2004-	1007	,		2	0021	023	
		2004								HU 2004-1887							0021	123	
		2005									TP 2	003-	5381	39		21	0021	023	
	CN	1608	051			Ā		2005	0420			2002-							
	NZ	1608 5323	16			A		2005	1028		NZ 2	2002-	5323	16		2	0021	023	
		2003																220 <	_
		6822																	
	IN	2004	DNO0	946		A		2007	0525		IN 2	004-	DN94	б		21	0040	412	
	za	2004	0030	52		A		2005	1118		ZA 2	004-	3052			21	0040	421	
		2004										004-							
	US	2005	0009	887		A1		20050113			US 2	004-	9113	61		20040804			
PRAI	US	2001	-346	250P		P		2001	1024										
	WO	2002	-US3	3894		W		2002	1023										

US 2002-325686 A1 20021220

- AB The invention relates to methods of resolving racemic amlodipine into enantiomerically enriched compns. by precipitation with tartaric acid in the presence of a non-aqueous solvent, such as N,N-dimethylacetamide. The molar ratio of tartaric acid:amlodipine is preferably less than 0.25:1.0 greater than 0.75:1.0. S-(-)-amlodipine is obtained from S-(-)-amlodipine D-hemitartrate dimethacetamide monosolvate.
- IT 88150-42-9P, Amlodipine

RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation)

(resolving amlodipine racemate)

RN 88150-42-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[(2-aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methyl-, 3-ethyl 5-methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

## RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2001:781824 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 135:288693

TI Salification method for the synthesis of racemic 3-(ethoxycarbonyl)-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-((2-aminoethoxy)methyl)-4-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methylpyridinium monobenzenesulfonate

IN Titov, M. I.; Popov, D. A.

PA Russia

SO Russ., 3 pp. CODEN: RUXXE7

DT Patent

LA Russian

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI RU 2146672	C1	20000320	RU 1999-121316	19991013 <
RO 118288	B1	20030430	RO 2000-53	20000119 <
PRAI RU 1999-121316	A	19991013		

OS CASREACT 135:288693

OS CASARAT 13:28089.

Racemic 3-(ethoxycarbonyl)-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-[(2- aminoethoxy)methyl]-4(2-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methylpyridininium monobenzenesulfonate is readily prepared in high yield and selectivity by the reaction of 3(ethoxycarbonyl)-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-[(2- aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2- chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methylpyridine with hydrochloric acid in dioxane, followed by the addition of benzenesulfonic acid in acetone, followed by the addition of water, and cooling to 6-8° for 8-12 h.

88150-02-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(salification method for the synthesis of racemic

3-(ethoxycarbonyl)-5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-[(2-aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2-

chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methylpyridinium monobenzenesulfonate)

- RN 88150-42-9 CAPLUS
- CN 3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[(2-aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methyl-, 3-ethyl 5-methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1995:608663 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 123:41041

OREF 123:7313a,7316a

TI Egg yolk riboflavin binding protein as a new chiral stationary phase in high-performance liquid chromatography

AU Massolini, G.; De Lorenzi, E.; Ponci, M. C.; Gandini, C.; Caccialanza, G.; Monaco, H. L.

CS Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, University of Pavia, Via Taramelli 12, Pavia, 27100, Italy

SO Journal of Chromatography, A (1995), 704(1), 55-65 CODEN: JCRARY: ISSN: 0021-9673

PB Elsewier

DT Journal

- LA English
- LA anglish

  A chiral stationary phase for high-performance liquid chromatog, based on hen
  egg yolk riboflavin binding protein is introduced. The purified protein was
  immobilized on activated 5NH2 Nucleosil silica. Chiral acidic, basic and
  uncharged drugs were chromatographed and the influence of the mobile phase
  parameters on the retention times and enantioselectivity was studied.
  Thirteen out of the twenty compds. tested were partially or baseline resolved.
  These encouraging preliminary results suggest that this chiral stationary
  phase may be applicable to a wide range of drug enantiomers in the reversedphase mode.
- IT 88150-42-9, Racemic amlodipine

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(enantiomeric separation of drugs by HPLC using hen egg yolk riboflavin binding protein)

- RN 88150-42-9 CAPLUS
- CN 3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[(2-aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methyl-, 3-ethyl 5-methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

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II Chiral ion-pair chromatographic separation of two dihydropyridines with camphorsulfonic acids on porous graphitic carbon

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The direct enantiomeric separation of the two racemic dihydropyridines amlodipine (AML) and UK 52829 (UK) with (15)-(+)-10-camphorsulfonic acid [(+)-CSA] as a chiral counter-ion, on porous graphitic carbon Hypercarb-S, is described. The enantiomers of AML and UK were separated in a mobile phase system consisting of 5 mM (+)-CSA in dichloromethane-methanol (25:75, volume/volume). When the enantiomeric separation of AML and UK was studied in a mobile phase system consisting of 5 mM (15)-(+)-3-bromo-10-camphorsulfonic acid [Br-(+)-CSA] in dichloromethane-methanol (25:75, volume/volume) the capacity factor, k', was markedly increased while the separation factor, a, was slightly decreased compared to the mobile phase with (+)-CSA as chiral counter-ion. No enantiomeric separation of AML or UK was seen in a chromatog, system with acetonitrile substituted for methanol as mobile phase solvent, neither with (+)-CSA nor Br-(+)-CSA as chiral counter-ion.

IT 88150-42-9, Racemic amlodipine

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(chiral ion-pair chromatog. separation of dihydropyridines with camphorsulfonic acids on porous graphitic carbon)

RN 88150-42-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 2-[(2-aminoethoxy)methyl]-4-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dihydro-6-methyl-, 3-ethyl 5-methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

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